# Native bees of Moreland

There are at least 12 native bee species recorded in Moreland LGA, but the true number is likely to be higher. Here are the species you are likely to encounter in Moreland's parks and gardens.

## Banded sweat-bees



Lasioglossum callophyllae, other Lasioglossum species in the subgenus Chilalictus. Size: 8-12 mm

Several species of black to dark bees, many with partial or complete dull, pale bands on abdomen. Common.

## Resin bees

Megachile erythropyga, Megachile ferox Size: 8 - 15 mm

Grey and black bees, most with white facial hair. Abdomen with white bands and an orange tip. Usually nest in preexisting holes in mortar, soil, wood. Collect resins and gums to seal nests.



There's much unknown about Australia's bees. Spend some time looking closely and it is likely you will find a species that has never before been recorded in the area.

### Blue-banded bees



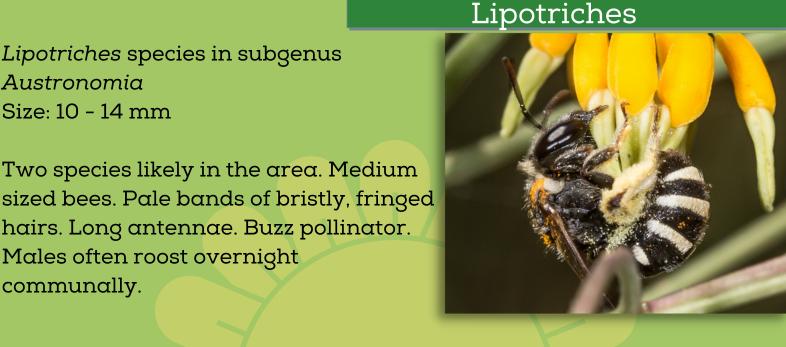
Amegilla chlorocyanea, Amegilla asserta Size: 14 - 16 mm

Distinctive, fuzzy banded bee with pale to bright blue bands and a long tongue. Buzz pollinator. Females make burrows in the ground, and embankments. Males often roost communally overnight.

### Lipotriches species in subgenus Austronomia Size: 10 - 14 mm

hairs. Long antennae. Buzz pollinator. Males often roost overnight communally.

Two species likely in the area. Medium



Plume-vented bees



in Homalictus Size: 6-8 mm Very small bees with a green, blue, or

copper metallic sheen on the thorax.

Homalictus sphecodoides, other species

Some with red abdomen and legs. Four species likely in Moreland. Common.

mellifera), and the still rare African Carder Bee (Afranthidium repetitum) Reed bees

There are two introduced bee species

in Moreland: the very common, well-

known European Honeybee (Apis

Small bees nesting in hollow fern fronds and reed stems. Glossy black head and thorax, rust-red abdomen. Females have distinctive flat spot on

One Brevineura species recorded.

Exoneura also possibly present.

hind abdomen.

Size: 5-8 mm

Masked bees



Very small bees, hairless, mostly black, with distinctive bright coloured facial markings. Solitary nesters, usually in

Hylaeus littleri recorded. Hylaeus nubilosus

and Hylaeus euxanthus probably occur

hollow stems.

These bees have not been seen in Moreland for many years (date of last record in brackets)

- Hyleoides concinna (1946) - Lasioglossum (Chilalictus) lanarium (1934)

- Lasioglossum (Parasphecodes) hiltacum (1956)

Size: 4-8 mm

- Megachile (Eutricharaea) obtusa (1906)
- Created by Michael Whitehead (michaelwhitehead.net) Sources used:
  - 1. Atlas of Living Australia
  - 2. iNaturalist
  - 3. Pest and Disease Image Library (PaDIL) 4. Museums Victoria Collections

5. Michael Batley's guide to Megachile and Hylaeus Photos by Michael Whitehead unless otherwise attributed

 $\Theta$